

# Final Exam

Thursday, Apr 23

3:30-5:30pm

ES 443 (Here)

# Design Patterns Summary

- Introduction
- Structure of Design Patterns
- Categories of Design Patterns
  
- Singleton Pattern
- Strategy Pattern

By the end of this lecture, you will be able to describe what a **design pattern** is.

You will also be able to identify a **singleton** design pattern and a **strategy** design pattern.

“Each pattern describes a problem which occurs over and over again in our environment, and then describes the core of the solution to that problem, in such a way that you can use the solution a million times over.”

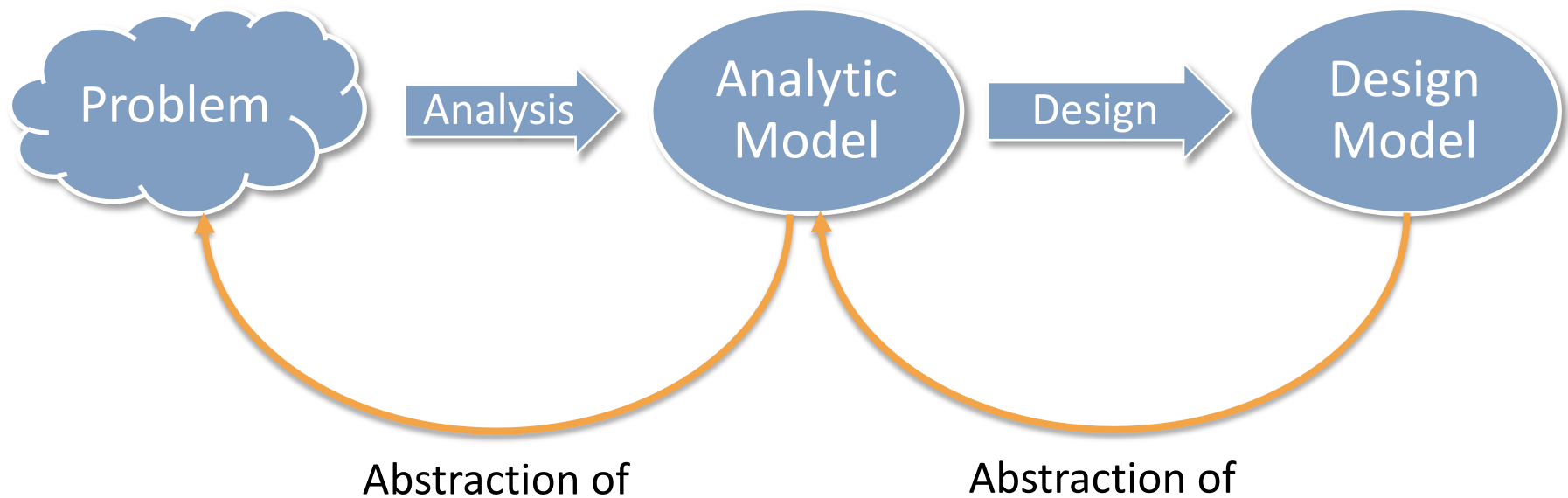
Christopher Alexander (Architect)

A Pattern Language, Oxford University Press, 1977

## Discussion:

What is knowledge and understanding?

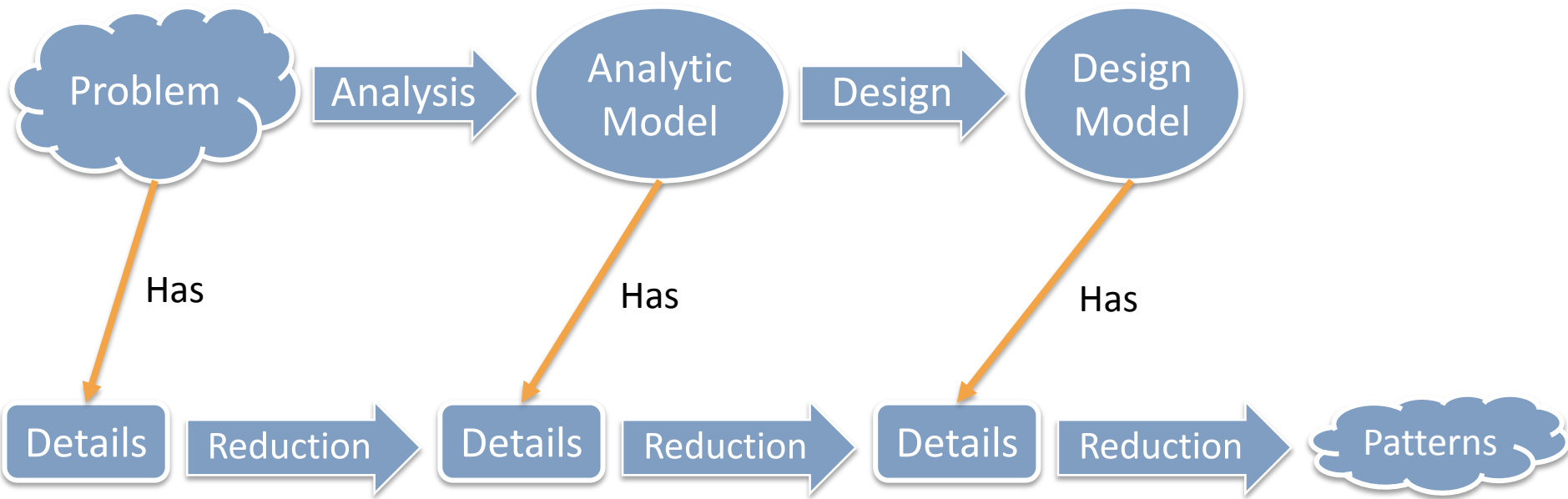
How does it relate to analysis and Design?



**Discussion:** How does this quote apply to our understanding of analysis and design?

“Each pattern describes a problem which occurs over and over again in our environment, and then describes the core of the solution to that problem, in such a way that you can use the solution a million times over.”

Christopher Alexander (Architect)  
A Pattern Language, Oxford University Press, 1977





## Discussion:

How can Design Patterns be applied within multiple contexts?

What is your responsibility as a designer/programmer when you use design patterns?

What work has been done for you, what work has not been done?

# Structure of Design Patterns

- Name
- Problem they solve
- Solution
  - elements, relationships, responsibilities, collaborations
- Consequences
  - constraints, tradeoffs

# From *Design Patterns* Textbook

- Pattern name and Classification
- Intent
- Also Known As
- Motivation
- Applicability
- Structure
- Participants
- Collaborators
- Consequences
- Implementation
- Sample Code
- Known Uses
- Related Patterns

# Categories of Design Patterns

- Creational
- Structural
- Behavioural

# Singleton Design Pattern

```
public class Singleton
{
    private static Singleton theInstance = null;

    // instance variables defined here

    public static Singleton getInstance()
    {
        if (theInstance == null)
        {
            theInstance = new Singleton();
        }
        return theInstance;
    }

    private Singleton()
    {
    }

    // instance methods implemented here.
}
```

# Strategy Design Pattern

```
public abstract class AssertIA
{
    private static AssertIA current
        = new AssertIANormal();

    public static void set(AssertIA assertion)
    {
        if (assertion != null)
        {
            current = assertion;
        }
    }

    // cont'd on next slide
}
```

# Strategy Design Pattern (cont'd)

```
public static void assertTrue(boolean assertion,
                               String message)
{
    current.assertTrueImpl(assertion, message);
}

public static void assertFalse(boolean assertion,
                                 String message)
{
    current.assertFalseImpl(assertion, message);
}

public abstract void assertTrueImpl(boolean cond,
                                     String message);
public abstract void assertFalseImpl(boolean cond,
                                     String message);
}
```

# Strategy Design Pattern (cont'd)

```
public class AssertIANormal extends AssertIA
{
    public void assertTrueImpl(boolean assertion,
                               String errorMessage)
    {
        if (!assertion)
            throw new IllegalArgumentException(errorMessage);
    }

    public void assertFalseImpl(boolean assertion,
                                 String errorMessage)
    {
        if (assertion)
            throw new IllegalArgumentException(errorMessage);
    }
}
```



# Strategy Design Pattern (cont'd)

```
public class AssertIADebug extends AssertIA
{
    public void assertTrueImpl(boolean assertion,
                               String errorMessage)
    {
        System.out.println("Assert True: " +
                           assertion + " " + errorMessage);
        if (!assertion)
            throw new IllegalArgumentException(errorMessage);
    }

    public void assertFalseImpl(boolean assertion,
                                 String errorMessage)
    {
        System.out.println("Assert False: " +
                           assertion + " " + errorMessage);
        if (assertion)
            throw new IllegalArgumentException(errorMessage);
    }
}
```

# References

The material in these notes is based on *Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software* by Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, and John Vlissides. Addison-Wesley, 1995.

# Assignment #4 Discussion

# Next Class

- HCI
- Demo